

Geospatial Multistate Archive and Preservation Partnership

Storage Options

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Business Need for Storage

- ➤ GIS geospatial data submitter to the archives (e.g. GIS Clearinghouse)
 - > Space for actively used datasets and imagery.
 - > Staging area to prepare the datasets for transfer.
 - Space requirements: 2x the expected total datasets size, as you'll have a copy of the dataset that you're preparing, plus the final prepared package of the datasets to transfer.
 - Note if the data submitter is also producing uncompressed orthos for transfer to the archives, you would also need to take that into account.



Business Need for Storage

➤ Geospatial archival repository

- > Staging area to receive the dataset
- > Preservation space to retain the originally received dataset
- > Staging space to process the received dataset
- ➤ Preservation space for the preservation "master" version of the dataset
- > Space for copy(ies) of the "preservation" master (may choose to store to offline media such as tape)
- Space for the "access" copy, plus any other potential derivatives that may be used to facilitate access (e.g. .zip of the dataset files, PDF of a shapefile, HTML of the geospatial metadata)



- ➤ What are the current storage technologies or services used by your state for GIS?
 - > Hardware used for orthoimagery
 - > Hardware used for vector data
- > What are the current storage technologies or services used by your state for archives and preservation?
 - > Storing or plan to store orthos?
 - > Hardware or services used for vector data



State's Approaches

- > Architecture and Points of Pain
 - ➤ Kentucky
 - ➤ North Carolina
 - > Utah



- >SAN
 - ➤ High availability
 - ➤ Costly
 - > Archives-owned vs. monthly IT fee
 - > Sensitive to economic disruption
 - > Durable
 - ➤ Well-supported by IT shops



- **≻**Tape
 - ➤ Near-line and off-line options
 - Less prone to risk from economic downturns
 - > Slower
 - > Lower cost than SAN
 - > Requires significant maintenance
 - ➤ Not all IT shops offer the service
 - > Durable
 - > Difficult to access individual files



- >What does the term cloud computing/storage mean to you?
- How has your state implemented cloud computing/ storage solutions?



- >Cloud
 - > Scales well
 - > Less costly than SAN
 - > Requires monthly fee, cannot be purchased outright
 - > No local control of media
 - ➤ May present security/authentication risks
 - > Provides services local IT may not offer
 - > Checksum maintenance



- >NAS
 - Less costly than SAN
 - No monthly fee, unless local IT requires it
 - > Fairly durable
 - ➤ Slower than SAN, but still "online"
 - > Can be managed by Archives in-house
 - Easy access to individual files



- ➤ Solid State Disk
 - Durable, no moving parts
 - Very expensive
 - > Not a practical choice for large datasets, especially Ortho
 - > If prices come down, could be used to store vector data
 - ➤ Primary purpose of SSD is not storage, but to facilitate inner workings of other devices



➤ Portable Hard Drives

- Very inexpensive
- ➤ Not very durable
 - Sensitive to corruption and data loss
- Easy for Archives to use
- Not networked
- > May be used as temporary backup to more robust solution
- May be used to transfer data to the archives from the field
- > Security risk: drives can walk out the door if not secured



- > Flash Drives, CDs, DVDs
 - > Consumer media known to fail
 - ➤ Storage capacity is low
 - > May be used to transfer data to an archives from the field
 - Security risk: media can walk out the door if not secured



Configuration Options

- **≻**RAID
- ➤ Blocks and LUNs
- ➤ File System Limits



➤ What do you know about storage now that you wish you knew earlier?



Storage Options Per Use

- ➤ Online use for access copies of records
- "Dark" storage for preservation copy
- Storage needed during active archival processing
- Replication and Audit functions between storage units (LOCKSS, IRODS, ACE)
- ➤ Backups for any of the above



Common Findings

- > Tiers of Infrastructure
 - ➤ Worst case
 - ➤ Workable solution
 - > Ideal solution
- ➤ Challenges
 - > Procurement
 - > Management
 - ➤ Sustainability
 - ➤ Organizational Policies (Politics)



➤ What challenges have you encountered with storage procurement and management (cost, organizational policies, span of control)?

